

HORNÝ, Radvan /reviewer/; SPINAR, Zdenek /author/
SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation: [not given]

Prague,

Sources: Vestník Ústředního Ústavu Geologického, Vol XXXVI, No 3, 1961, pp 227-228.

Data: "Principles of the Invertebrate Paleontology (Zaklady paleontologie bez-
obratlych), Prague, Publishing House of the Czechoslovak Academy of Scien-
ces (Nakladatelství CSAV [Československá akademie věd], 1960, 636 pages.

HORNÝ, R.

Czechoslovakia

People's Museum -- Prague (Národní museum -- Praha)

Prague, Věstník ústředního ústavu Geologického,
No 6, 1962, pp 473-476

"New Genera of Bohemian Lower Paleozoic Bellerophontina."

HORNY, Radvan J.,

New genera of Bohemian Lower Paleozoic Bellerophontidae. Vestnik
ust geolog 37 no.6:473-476 N '62.

HORNYAK, LORINC

27
 Oxidation of sulfur dioxide in a fluidized bed with vanadium catalyst. Pál Székessy, Lorinc Hornyák, and István K. Tóth (Univ. Chem. Ind., Veszprém, Hung.). Veszprémi Vegyipari Egyetem Közleményei 2, 57-63 (1953).
 The oxidation of SO_2 with air was studied in a 20-cc. (practically isothermal) reactor, made of quartz, by using a V catalyst (such as employed in H_2SO_4 manuf.) of 0.78- and 1-mm. particle size, at a gas rate of 0.5-8.5 l/min., and at 450-500°. The initial SO_2 concn. as 2.7-7.0 vol. %, and conversion rates of 10-70% were attained. In a stationary bed the direction of flow (whether up or down) made no difference in the results. On attaining the fluidized state, the activity of the bed increased instantaneously; the extent of the increase became larger with increasing temp. This increase was evident even at the lowest initial SO_2 concn. examd. The activity increase commenced always at the same feed rate for any given bed, regardless of concn. and temp.
 G. J. Emych

RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological)
Blood Circulation. The Heart.

T

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 6, 1959, 26578

Author : Markus, Kornel; Balogh, Odon; Hornyak, Sander

Inst : -

Title : The Changes of Electrocardiogram Connected With
Vegetative Nervous System in Athletes.

Orig Pub : Rev. med. (RPR), 1957, 3, No 3, 44-47

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

- 48 -

HORNYANSZKY, Karoly, dr.

Biogenic epithelization with human embryonic tissues. Orv.hetil.
102 no.9:404-406 26 F '61.

1. Fejer-megyei Korhaz, Borgyogyaszati Osztaly.
(TISSUE THERAPY)
(VARICOSE ULCER ther)

DAUM, S.; CHYTIL, M.; HORNYCH, A.

Extracorporeal hemodialysis with the artificial kidney. Sborn. lek.
59 no.3:77-92 Mar 57.

1. II. interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi university Karlovy
v Praze, prednosta prof. Dr A. Vancura.

(KIDNEYS, artif.

extracorporeal hemodialysis (Cz))

BROD, J.; HORNYCH, A.

Effect of improved picture of the erythrocytes on renal function
in chronic insufficiency. Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.43/44:1643-1647
24 0'60.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha.
(KIDNEY DISEASES blood)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A. KORNÝCH, Institute for Cardiovascular Diseases (Ústav pro choroby srdce a krevního oběhu) Chief (ředitel); Docent Dr. J. BROG, DrSc; Prague.

"Guanchidina - a New Effective Antihypertensive Drug. Our Experiences with Its Clinical Use."

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol 102, No 5, Feb 1 63; pp 113-124.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Thorough study on the drug in 19 hospitalized and 12 ambulatory patients, all severe; in most instances combined with other antihypertensives, non-mercurial diuretics, rauwolfia and other preparations; renal function tests, effect on standing and supine blood pressure. Conclude that drug is doubtlessly very effective but it requires very strict medical supervision and care as the margin between curative and side effects is narrow. Six tables, 3 graphs; 16 Western references.

1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

MORAVICH, A., PRAT, V., MEJL, Z., and DEJDAR, R., with technical cooperation of CAPKOVA, E., and TROUSIL, V., Institute for the Blood-Circulation Diseases (ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho), Prague, Prof. Dr J. BROD, Dr of Sciences, director.

"Effect of Aortography on Renal Function With Regard to Contrast Substances"

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol CII, No 34, 23 August 63, pp 928-934.

Abstract [Authors' English summary, modified]: Seldinger's method or lumbar puncture were applied to 58 patients in abdominal aortography. The effect of Diodon, Triumbren, Pyelosil, Hypaque, and Urografin on the glomerular filtration was compared. Addis' sediment and quantitative proteinuria were examined in 27 patients. Hypaque and Urografin proved most useful. Diodon and Triumbren are not suitable for this examination. After Diodon two patients developed a transient renal insufficiency. An examination of the renal function is essential before every aortography. In patients with a markedly reduced glomerular filtration aortography involves a great hazard. Fourteen references.

1/1

HORNYCH, A.

Guanethidine -- an effective new hypotensive preparation. Cas. lek.
cesk. 102 no.5:113-124 1 F '63.

1. Ustav pro choroby oběhů krevního v Praze, reditel doc. dr. J. Brod,
DrSc.

(GUANETHIDINE)

(HYPERTENSION)

JIRKA, J.; FENCL, V.; HURYCH, J.; HORNYCH, A.

Intermittent peritoneal dialysis. Cas. lek. desk. 103 no.47:
1289-1299 20 N '64.

1. Ustav pro choroby krevního, Praha-Krc, (reditel prof. dr.
J. Bred, DrSc.).

BROD, J.; HORNÝCH, A.; VAVREJN, B.; PRAT, V.; KOTKOVÁ, E.; PEJDAK, P.;
OPPELT, A.; CHARVAT, P.

Isotope renography in the diagnosis of chronic pyelonephritis.
Cas. lek. Cesk. 104 no.52:1409-1420 24 D '65.

1. Ústav pro choroby oběhu krve v Praze (ředitel prof.
dr. J. Brod, DrSc.) a Vědecký ústav pro využití radioizotopů
v lékařství (vedoucí MUDr. B. Vavrejn, CSc.).

BROD, J.; HORNYCH, A.; VAVREJN, B.; PRAT, V.; KOSTKOVA, B.; DEJDAK, R.;
OPPELT, A.; CHARVAT, P.

Isotope renography in the diagnosis of chronic pyelonephritis.
Rev. Czech. med. 11 no.4:213-231 '65.

1. Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Prague (Director:
Prof. J. Brod. M.D., D.Sc.).

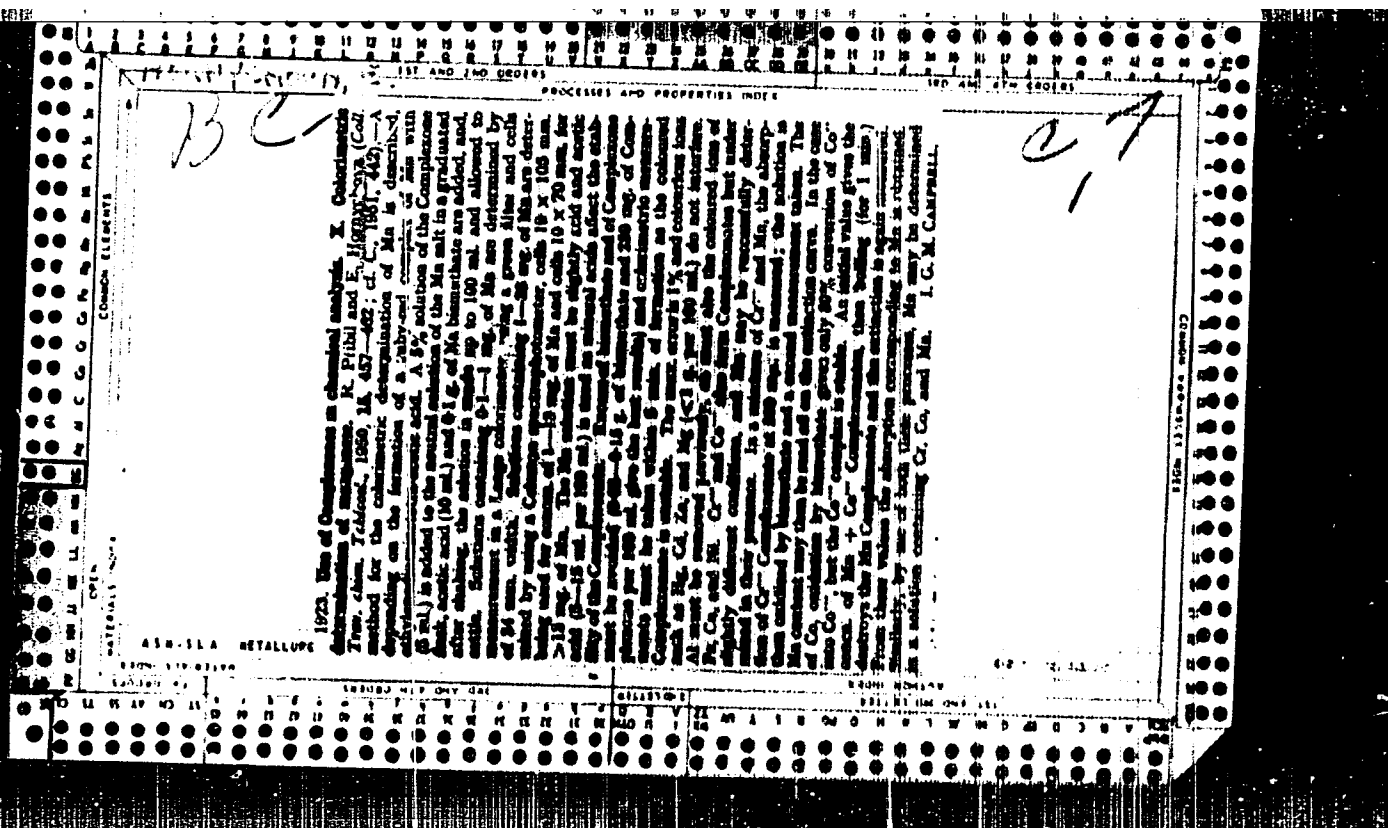
CA

7

Use of complexes in chemical analysis. VIII. Colorimetric determination of manganese. R. Pihl and E. Hovnyshova (Charles Univ., Prague). *Chem. Listy* 44, 101-3 (1950); cf. C.A. 45, 3756c. —Mn(III) forms a ruby-colored complex with $[(H_2O)_5CCH_2)_2NCH_3]_2$ (complexon III). Mn(II) solns. are oxidized with PbO_2 or $NaBiO_3$ in $AcOH$ and absorption is measured at 500 m μ . Zn, Cd, Mg, and Hg do not interfere. When Co and Cr are present in the soln. a modified procedure is necessary. To det. Mn add 5 ml. 5% complexon soln. to a neutral soln. contg. 0.1-30 mg. Mn(II) salt in a volumetric flask, acidify with 10 ml. $AcOH$, add 0.1 g. $NaBiO_3$, shake 1 min., make up to 100 ml., and measure the absorption after 1 min. Al, Fe, Cu, and Ni must be removed prior to the detn. To det. Mn in the presence of Cr measure the absorption before and after the oxidation. To det. Mn in the presence of Co measure the absorption after the oxidation, then boil 1 min. to decomp. the Mn complex, and measure again. By combining the last 2 procedures, it is possible to det. Mn in the presence of small amts. of both Cr and Co. X. Gravimetric determination of tungsten with α -quinolinol. R. Pihl and V. Sedláč. *Ibid.* 200-4. —The osime of α -quinolinol ppt. W, Mo, and V quantitatively from their complexes with $[(HO_2CCH_2)_2NCH_3]_2$ in the presence of $AcOH$ and NH_4OAc . Other cations remain in soln. Methods for detg. W in the presence of Pb, Bi, Hg(II), Cd, Cu, Fe, Al, Cr, U,

Co, Mn, and Ni have been worked out. Procedures for the sepn. of W from U, Fe, and Co and for the sepn. of W, Fe, and Co and of W, U, and Co are given. W osimate can be decompd. with 4 N $NaOH$. The soln. is acidified with HCl in the presence of $H_2C_2O_4$ and excess $KBrO_3$ is added with ethyl red as indicator. Excess $KBrO_3$ is immediately detd. iodometrically. XI. Potentiometric determination of cations with complexon III. R. Pihl,

J. Koudela, and B. Matyska. *Ibid.* 223-4. —Fe(III) can be titrated directly with complexon III (0.1 M) with a Pt electrode. The optimum pH is 5. Stability of the complexes is increased by NH_4OAc . Al, Cu, Cd, Zn, Ni, and Pb form stable complexes and can be detd. by adding excess complexon III and back titrating with Fe(III) (pH 5-6). Bi is detd. by formation of the complex in strongly acidic medium and back titration with Fe(III) at pH 3-5. Detn. of Bi in the presence of Cd, Zn, or Pb is carried out at different pH values. For the simultaneous detn. of Fe and Al the sample is treated with a known amt. of 0.1 M complexon III, NH_4OAc added to pH 5, and the excess complexon titrated with 0.1 M $FeCl_3$. The consumption gives the total Fe and Al. A known amt. of $FeCl_3$ is added, and the soln. is acidified with HCl to pH 2 and allowed to stand 30 min. to accomplish the exchange of Al complexonate with Fe complexonate. Excess Fe(III) is detd. iodometrically. M. Hudlický



CZECHOSLOVAKIA

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

BAJO, M.; HORNYCHOVA, H.; KRECEK, J.; Veterinary Faculty (Veterinarni Fakulta), Kosice; Faculty of Pediatrics, Charles University (Fakulta Detskeho Lekarstvi KU), Physiological Institute Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences (Fysiologicky Ustav CSAV), Prague.

"Natriuretic Effect of Vasopressin in Young Rats, and its Changes Resulting from Premature Weaning."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Fysiologie, Vol 15, No 3, May 66, pp 212-216

Abstract: Sensitivity to antidiuretic and natriuretic effects of vasopressin was investigated in young rats aged 23, 30, 40, and 50 days. 23 days old rats are very sensitive to the antidiuretic effect of vasopressin. The manifestation of the natriuretic effect of vasopressin differs with age. A strong effect was noticed at 23 and 50 days; at 33 days no effect was noticed, at 40 medium doses are effective, low and high ones had no effect. Weaning increases sensitivity to the antidiuretic effect of vasopressin, increases natriuresis in 23 and 33 day old rats, and suppresses the natriuretic effect in 50 day old rats. 4 Figures, 11 Western, 9 Czech references. Submitted at 15 Days of Physiology-Symposium of Water Metabolism- 29 May 65.

1/1

BRACHFELDOVA, J.; HORNYCHOVA, H.; MENCIKOVA, E.; SKALOVA, L.;
NEUGEBAUEROVA, L.

Listeria infection in newborn infants. Cesk. pediat. 18 no.10:
896-901 0 '63.

I. II detska klinika fakulty detskeho lekarstvi KU v Praze,
prednosta prof. dr. J. Houstek, DrSc. Ustav lekarske mikro-
biologie a imunologie v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. P. Patocka
KHES Stredoceskeho kraje v Praze, reditalka MUDr. M. Rejskova.
(INFANT, NEWBORN, DISEASES) (LISTERIA INFECTIONS)
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL)

ERDELYI, Ferenc, egyetemi adjunktus; HORNYIK, Laszlo, egyetemi adjunktus;
TAJNAFOI, Jozsef, egyetemi adjunktus.

Theoretical foundations for designing multiflue distribution
valves with fixed program. Gep 15 no.11:425-431 N°63

1. Nehézipari Műszaki Egyetem Szerszámgépek Tanszéke, Miskolc.
Tanszékvezető: Kordoss, Josef, egyetemi tanár.

✓ Influence of eserine, tetraethylpyrophosphate, and neostigmine on the blood pressure and the carotid sinus pressor reflexes in the rat. O. Hornykiewicz and W. Koberger (Univ. Vienna). *Naunyn-Schmiedeberg Arch. exp. Pathol. Pharmacol.* 228, 493-500 (1970).—The reported pressor effects of eserine (I) and tetraethyl pyrophosphate (II) are confirmed. The pressor effects produced by occlusion of the carotid sinuses are activated by I and II. Intracisternal application of I and the use of atropine and reserpine suggest that the effects on blood pressure and the carotid sinus occlusion reflex are mediated by a central mechanism. Prostigmine, which on intravenous administration gives only a peripherally conditioned reducing effect on the blood pressure, exerts after intracisternal administration the same effect on blood pressure and the carotid sinus occlusion reflex as I and II.

A. V. Meyer

HORNYOS, Janos

A new theory on the genesis of oil. Bany lap 94 no.3:186 Mr '61.

(Oils and fats)

HORNZIEL, Gustaw, mgr.inz.

The most modern types of electric batteries and electric motorization.
Przegl techn 81 no.14:13-15 Ap '60.

POLAND

GAYRONOWA, Helena; HOROCH, Czeslawn. KOZLOWSKA, Teresa; SI-KORSKA, Jadwiga and SZMUNESS, Wolf; Wojewodstwo Health and Epidemiology Station (Wojewodzka Stacja Sanitarno-Epidemiologiczna), Lublin, Director: Dr Cz. HOROCH.

"A Water-Borne Epidemic of Dysentery and Diarrhea"

Warsaw, Przegląd Epidemiologiczny, Vol XVI, No 4, 1962, pp 473-478.

Abstract: Authors: English summary modified. An epidemic of bacillary dysentery and colitis probably due to the contamination of the water supply in an urban area is described. The incidence and clinical course of the diseases are discussed. The healthy carriers, primary cases, duration of the epidemic and its peaks, as well as its control are reported. 2 tables; 1 diagram; 6 references, all of them Eastern.

- END -

2372, 2571
LCSO: 2000-N

HCROCH, I.

"Improvement of Qualifications as One of the Chief Tasks of Smelters in 1953" p. 14
(Wiadomosci Hutnicze, Vol. 9, No. 4, April, 1953, Stalinogrod)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 2, Library of Congress,
February, 1954, Uncl.

HORCCH, I.

"The Whole Nation Builds Nowa Huta; our Metallurgy will Transfer its Best Cadres of Workers to it" p. 8 (Wiadomosci Hutnicze, Vol. 9, No. 7/8, July/Aug., 1953, Stalinogrod)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 2, Library of Congress, February, 1954, Uncl.

HOROCH, Ludwik

For development of the Polish national economy in all possible respects; on the basis of the principles and resolutions of the 12th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Polish United Worker's Party and the development directives of the Polish People's Republic for 1959-1965. Wiad hut 15 no.2:37-39 F '59.

POLAND

HORODECKA, Maria; WIECLAWEK, Bonifacy.

Department of Analytical Chemistry, Institute of Antibiotics
(Zaklad Analityczny Instytutu Antybiotykow), Warsaw - (for both).

Warsaw, Chemia analityczna, No 6, November-December 1965, pp 1363-1364.

"The modified method of spectrophotometric determination of erythromycin in fermentation worts."

HORODECKI, Jerzy, mgr.inz.

Cutting machine tools at the 1961 International Industry Fair
in Brno. Przegl mech 21 no.2:51-55 Ja '62.

1. Centralne Biuro Konstrukcji Okretow, Pruszkow.

HORODECKI, Jerzy, mgr. inz.

Universal milling machines produced by the P. Hure Works in
Paris. Przegl mech 22 no.19:607-608 10 0 '63.

HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw

A case of congenital lens dislocation. Klin.oczna 29 no.4:
409-411 '59.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej A. M. w Białymstoku Kierownik:
prof. dr med. M.Dymitrowska.

(LENS CRYSTALLINE abnorm)

JANUSZKO, Tadeusz; HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw; OLBROMSKI, Jan

Behavior of fibrinolysis activator in stored plasma. Acta med.
Pol. 6 no.2:225-233 '65.

1. Department of General and Experimental Pathology, Medical
Academy, Bialystok (Director: Prof. Dr. K. Buluk) and the
Ophtalmological Clinic, Medical Academy, Bialystok (Director:
Prof. Dr. M. Dymitrowska).

Opalski J.

Opalski J. and Chalkiewicz J. Second Clinic of Internal Diseases Jagiellonian Univ. of Cracow and Inst. of Neurology, St. Lazarus' Hospital Cracow. Nitrogranulogen (from Mustard) wleczeniu schorzen układu nerwowego Nitrogranulogen (nitrogen Mustard) in the treatment of diseases of the nervous system Bull. int. Acad. Cracovic, 31.1949, 1-12 (311-331) Tables 1

0.01-0.12 mg./kg. body weight was given 2-3 times on alternate days, begin repeated in some cases after an interval of 2-4 weeks. In 70 cases of neuralgia and neuritis, good results were obtained in 43 (90%). In 13 cases of tuberculous meningitis previously treated with streptomycin, there was improvement of paralysis and paresis, but not always of the general condition in all the cases. In 2 cases of recent cerebral hemorrhage, there was a rapid improvement in the paresis. In 3 cases of polymyelitis and 12 cases of chorea good results were also obtained. In 25 cases of cerebral tumor there was relief of pain and improvement in paresis. It is not thought that nitrogen mustard has any antimitotic activity on the tumor, but rather that it accelerates and the rate of absorption of exudates, reducing the inflammatory changes in the adjacent tissues.

Opalski - Warsaw
(VIII, 2)

See: Neurology, Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No.1-6

MONDUSKI, Jaroslaw

A rare case of focal tuberculous reaction without local reactions
in tuberculin reaction. Klin. oczna 32 no.1:49-51 '62.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej AM w Białymstoku Kierownik: prof. dr
med. M. Dymitrowska.
(TUBERCULIN REACTION) (CHOROID dis)

Adamczak J. J. Odsłona Neurologiczno-Psychiatrycznego Państwowego
Szpitala św. Józefa w Krakowie. Leczenie polpasca Treatment of neurotropic
virus disease (Przegl. Lek. 1950, 6/3 (77-79))

Five serious cases of herpes zoster were successfully treated by intravenous
injections of nitrogranulogen, given daily in a dose of 1 mg. in 10 ml.
of saline solution for 4-5 days. The injection should be made immediately
after opening the ampoule which ought not to be older than three months.

Bogdanowicz - Warsaw (XX, 6, 8, 13)

See: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No. 1-6

WIERCINSKI, Josef; MARUHA, Regina

Considerations on Meins-Wedin disease according to observations during 1951. Neurologia etc. polska 4 no.6:609-618 Nov-Dec 54.

1. z Kliniki Chorob "erwowych Akademii Medycznej w Krakowie.
Kierownik: prof. dr Wl.Jakimowicz.
(POLIOENCEPHALITIS, epidemiology,
in Poland, clin. aspects)

1986/01/16/06/012/002/0146/0453

42
C

1. P. I. Kozlovskiy, G. P. Kozlovskiy, G. P. Kozlovskiy, G. P. Kozlovskiy.

2. Institute of Physiology Im. A. A. Bogdanovskiy, Academy of Sciences of the USSR, Leningrad Branch, Institut fiziologii im. A. A. Bogdanovskiy. Akademiya nauk.

3. The effects of functional and biochemical indexes in the testicles of animals irradiated with microwaves.

4. Radiobiology of USSR, v. 18, no. 2, 1986, 246-253.

5. Radiobiology of USSR, v. 18, no. 2, 1986, 246-253.

6. The effects of microwaves on young male white mice weighing 20--22 g. were studied. The mice were irradiated with a power density of 0.4 w/cm² for 10 min. The mice were irradiated with a magnetron generator (557 cps, 60 kw, mean power 100 w). The mice were evaluated as follows: 1) breeding index; 2) the number and condition of the offspring; 3) the number of stillborn progeny from irradiated mice; 4) the condition of the testicles of irradiated mice; 5) the RNA content in the testicles of irradiated mice. The results were statistically pro-

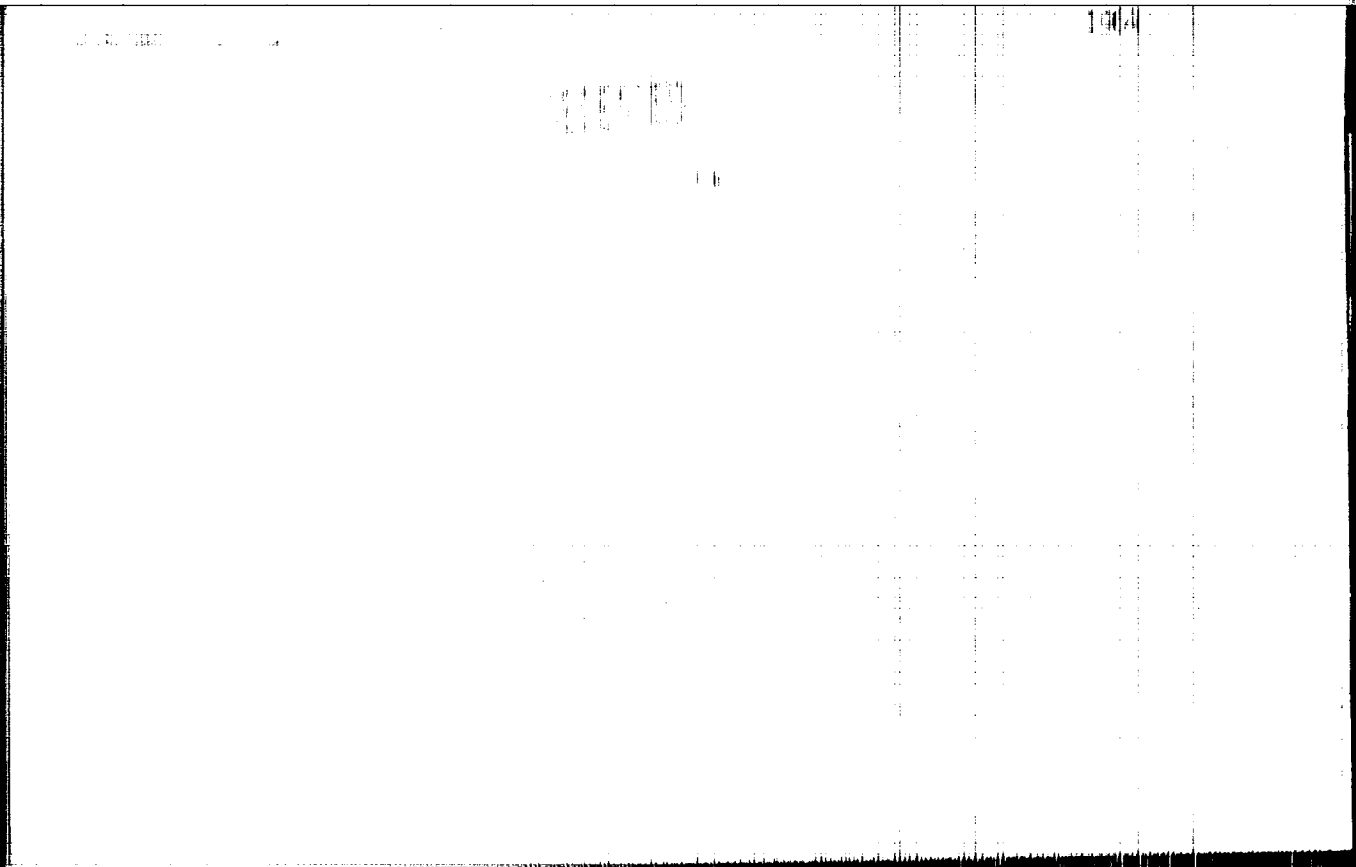
2

It was found that irradiation had a deleterious effect on the micro-organisms, as indicated by a decrease in the number of micro-organisms, a decrease in the growth rate, and a reduction in DNA content. The micro-organisms were found to be more resistant to irradiation than on the 6th day. [CD]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 06-07-2008 BY SP8 BTM/bjp/ALB AND REASON: 4859

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

Studies on the toxicity of streptomycin. Polish Hygien. 5
no. 11:11-1171-1173 7 Aug 50. (CINCL 20:5)

1. of the Academic Sanatorium in Zakopane (Director--St. Jasinski,
M.D.) and of the Clinic for Tuberculosis of the Lungs of Odessa
Medical Academy (Head--Prof. M. Feistatych, M.D.).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7

SECRET
CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

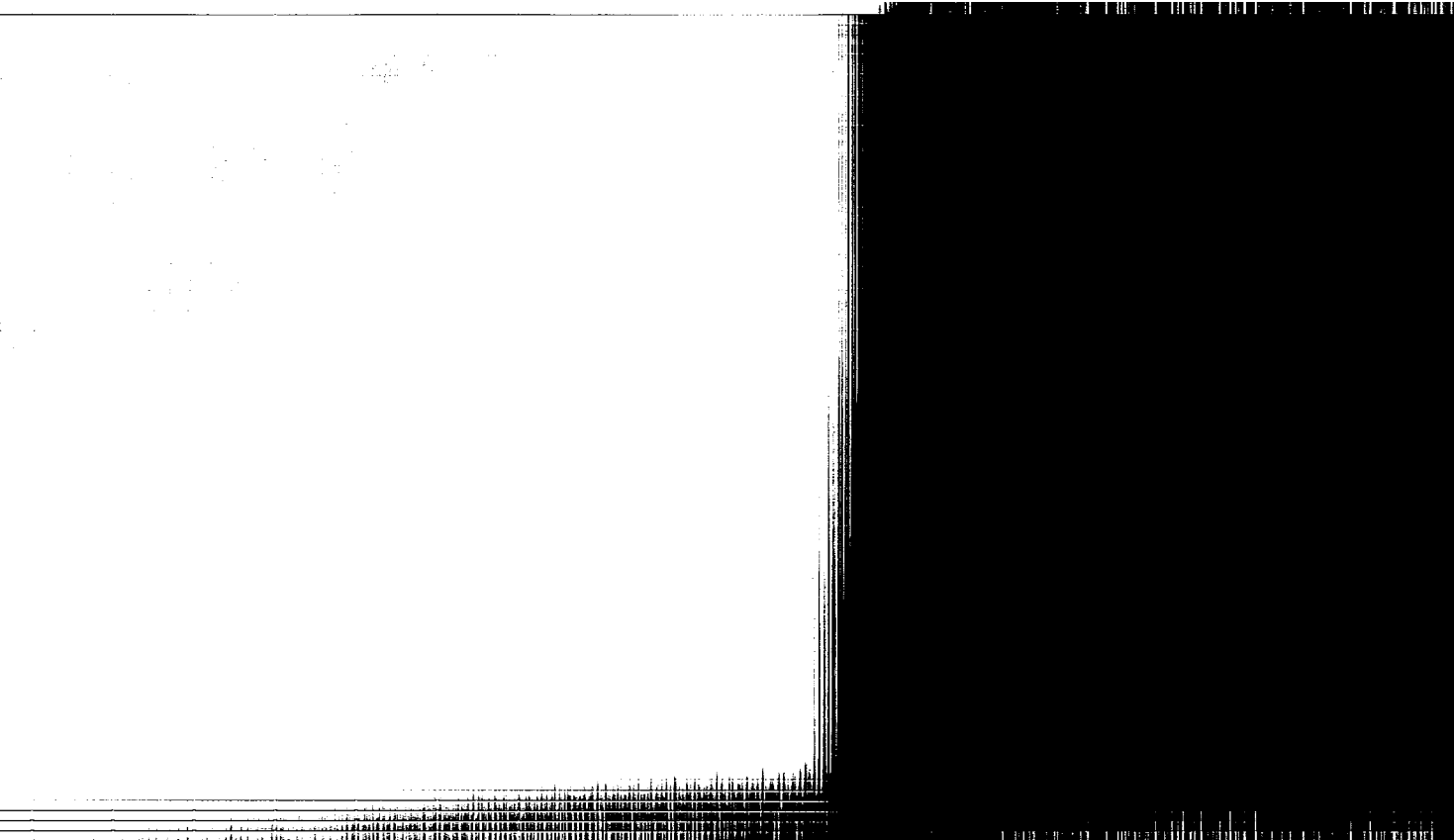
CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/21/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618130005-7"

SEROTINCU, D., ROMENICIANU, P.; ELIEN, R.; RAMFIRSCU, M.

Studies on the Coxsackie virus. II. Attempted culture of strains of Coxsackie virus isolated in the Rumanian People's Republic on mouse embryo tissue cultures. Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol., Bucur. 6 no. 3-4:469-476 July-Dec. 1955.

(COXSACKIE VIRUS, culture
attempted adaptation of strains isolated in Rumania to
culture in vitro, using mouse embryo tissues)

1. The following information is being provided to you for your information only. It is not to be used for any other purpose.

2. The following information is being provided to you for your information only. It is not to be used for any other purpose.

RESEARCH, Plov. 1979, 2, 100-101, P.

Character of plaque formation by poliovirus in various common cell culture systems. Arch. Virol. path. exp. microbiol. 20 no. 1:115-127 1971.

1. Poliovirus Department of the Dr. I. Ganchev Institute.

(POLIOVIRUS VEROCELL culture)

ANALYSE DES ECHANTILLONS DE SANG, URINE, SALIVES, ET SUEUR PRELEVES SUR LE
SUSPECT POUR LA DETECTION DE LA PRESENCE DE SUBSTANCES TOXIQUES.

Les analyses sont effectuées pour la détection de la présence de substances
toxiques telles que : alcool, drogues, métaux lourds, etc. Les résultats
sont communiqués au service de la police.

Le service de la police "DR. J. CHATELAIN" du Service de la
police (POLICE) (POLICE)

(POLICE CULTIVATION)

BORCEA IORDANU, Fl.; SERGIIESCO, Dina; KLEIN, R.; ZAMPFIRSCU, M.; LUZERT-
COSEVESCO, A.; BRUCKNER, Ilsema, assistante medicale.

Research on the nature of the guanidine resistance of type 1
poliovirus and on the biological properties of its mutants.
Arch. roum. path. exp. microbiol. 23 no.34719-724, 8'63

1. Travaux de l'Institut "Dr. I. Cantacuzino"; Service de la
Poliomyélite. Bucarest.

HORNY, Jiri; GUCKO, Rudolf, inz.

Calculation of the average value of a time series. Prace mzda
12 no.3:109-114 Mr'64

1. State Wage Commission.

HORNY, Jiri

Control of proposed unified performance standards and performance
standar indexes with regard to the character of work. Prace mzda
10 no.1:8-12 Ja '62.

1. Pracovník sekretariatu Statni mzdové komise.

HORNY, Jiri

Problems of work measurement standards. Prace mzda 10
no.4:165-172 Ap '62.

1. Sekretariat Statni mzdove komise.

HORNY, Pavol, inz.

Breaking the ice barrier near Stary Takov. Vod hosp
13 no.11: 423-425 '63.

1. Krajske vodohospodarske rozvojove a investicne stredisko,
Bratislava.

HORNY, R.

"Two new representatives of the family Murchisonidae Koken (Gastropoda) from the Silurian of central Bohemia." p. 209. (Sbornik, Vol. 19, 1952. Praha)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol.3, No.2, Library of Cong., Feb. 1954, Uncl.

FROM, ...

The zone of Anilore ten ascension Davies, 1926, in the Southern list
of the Silurian of the Berranien. p. 2. 1906. Vetrodní ústev
geologicky. SPOENIK, Praha. Vol. 17, nos. 4, 5-6; 1945.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), Library of Congress
Vol. 5, no. 12, December 1956.

HORNY, R.

"The genus Dawsonoceras Hyatt, 1984 (Nautiloidea) of the Silurian of central Bohemia."

SBORNIK, ODDIL PALEONTOLOGICKY, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Ustredni ustav geologicky.
Vol. 22, 1955.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959.
Uncl.

HORNY, R.

"Tryblidiinae Pilsbry, 1899 (Gastropoda)
from the Silurian of central Bohemia."

SBPRMOL. PDDO: QDBDEFMTP:PGOCU. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Ustredni ustav geologicky.
Vol. 22, 1955.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), IC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959.
Uncl.

HORNÝ, R.

HORNÝ, R. New information on the biostratigraphy of the Silurian around Skuteč and
Hlinsko. p. 128.

Vol. 31, No. 3. 1956.

VĚSTNÍK

GEOGRAPHY & GEOLOGY

Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, Feb. 1957

HORNY, R.

Results of the biostratigraphic research in the Slurian and Devonian between Liten and Suchomasty. p. 373

Prague. Ustreeni ustav geoloticky. VESTNIK. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 33, no. 5, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, no. 11, Nov. 1959
Uncl.

ROBERT, R.

"Report on the International Working Congress on the Stratigraphy of the Silurian and Devonian, held in Prague during the year, 1959."

CASOPIS PRO MINERALOGII A GEOLOGII, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 4, No. 2, 1959.

Monthly list of EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS INDEX (EMAI), Library of Congress, Vol. 8, No. 8, August, 1959.

Unclassified.

HORNY, Radvan

SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: /not given/

Affiliation: Central Institute of Geology (Ustredni ustav geologicky),
Prague.

Source: Prague, Vestnik Ustredniho Ustavu Geologickeho, Vol XXXVI,
No 2, 1961, pp 299-302.

Data: "New Genera of Bohemian Monoplacophora and Patellid Gastro-
poda." (In English)

173

HORNY, Radvan /reviewer/; SPINAR, Zdenek /author/
SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation: [not given]
Prague,

Source: Vestník Ústředního Ústavu Geologického, Vol XXXVI, No 3, 1961, pp 227-228.

Data: "Principles of the Invertebrate Paleontology (Zaklady paleontologie bez-
obratlých), Prague, Publishing House of the Czechoslovak Academy of Scien-
ces (Nakladatelství CSAV [Československá akademie věd], 1960, 636 pages.

HORNÝ, R.

Czechoslovakia

People's Museum -- Prague (Národní museum -- Praha)

Prague, Věstník ústředního ústavu Geologického,
No 6, 1962, pp 473-476

"New Genera of Bohemian Lower Paleozoic Bellerophontina."

HORNY, Radvan J.,

New genera of Bohemian Lower Paleozoic Bellerophontidae. Vestnik
ust geolog 37 no.6:473-476 N '62.

HORNYAK, LORINC

27
 Oxidation of sulfur dioxide in a fluidized bed with vanadium catalyst. Pál Szolcányi, Lörinc Hornyák, and István K. Téth (Univ. Chem. Ind., Veszprém, Hung.)
Veszprémi Vegyipari Egyetem Közleményei 2, 57-63 (1958).
 The oxidation of SO_2 with air was studied in a 20-cc. (practically isothermal) reactor, made of quartz, by using a catalyst (such as employed in H_2SO_4 manuf.) of 0.78- and 1-mm. particle size, at a gas rate of 0.5-3.5 l/min., and at 450-60°. The initial SO_2 concn. was 2.7-7.0 vol. %, and conversion rates of 10-70% were attained. In a stationary bed the direction of flow (whether up or down) made no difference in the results. On attaining the fluidized state, the activity of the bed increased instantaneously; the extent of the increase became larger with increasing temp. This increase was evident even at the lowest initial SO_2 concn. examd. The activity increase commenced always at the same feed rate for any given bed, regardless of concn. and temp.
 G. J. Hryciak

RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological)
Blood Circulation. The Heart.

T

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 6, 1959, 26578
Author : Markus, Kornel; Balogh, Odon; Hornyak, Sander
Inst : -
Title : The Changes of Electrocardiogram Connected With
Vegetative Nervous System in Athletes.
Orig Pub : Rev. med. (RMR), 1957, 3, No 3, 44-47
Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

- 48 -

HORNYANSZKY, Karoly, dr.

Biogenic epithelization with human embryonic tissues. Orv.hetil.
102 no.9:404-406 26 F '61.

1. Fejer-megyei Korhaz, Borgyogyaszati Osztaly.
(TISSUE THERAPY)
(VARICOSE ULCER ther)

11. 12. 1971, 11.
DAUM, S.; CHYTIL, M.; HORNYCH, A.

Extracorporeal hemodialysis with the artificial kidney. Sborn. lek.
59 no.3:77-92 Mar 57.

1. II. interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi university Karlovy
v Praze, prednosta prof. Dr A. Vancura.

(KIDNEYS, artif.

extracorporeal hemodialysis (Cz))

BROD, J.; HORNYCH, A.

Effect of improved picture of the erythrocytes on renal function
in chronic insufficiency. Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.43/44:1643-1647
24 0'60.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha.
(KIDNEY DISEASES blood)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A. MORAVICH, Institute for Cardiovascular Diseases (Ústav pro choroby oběhu krve) Chief (reditel); Docent Dr. J. BROŽ, Brno; Prague.

"Guanethidine - a New Effective Antihypertensive Drug. Our Experiences with Its Clinical Use."

Prague, Casopis Lékařů Českých, Vol 102, No 5, Feb 1 63; pp 113-124.

Abstract (English summary modified): Thorough study of the drug in 19 hospitalized and 12 ambulatory patients, all severe; in most instances combined with other antihypertensives, non-mercurial diuretics, rauwolfia and other preparations; renal function tests, effect on standing and supine blood pressure. Conclude that drug is doubtlessly very effective but it requires very strict medical supervision and care as the margin between curative and side effects is narrow. Six tables, 3 graphs; 16 Western references.

1/1

UŠEBROŠOVANÁ
HORNÝCH, A., PRAT, V., HEJL, Z., and DEJDAR, R., with technical cooperation of ČAPKOVÁ, E., and TROUSIL, V., Institute for the Blood-Circulation Diseases (Ústav pro choroby oběhu krve), Prague, Prof. Dr J. BROD, Dr of Sciences, director.

"Effect of Aortography on Renal Function With Regard to Contrast Substances"

Prague, Casopis Lékárů Českých, Vol CII, No 34, 23 August 63.
pp 926-934.

Abstract [Authors' English summary, modified]: Seldinger's method or lumbar puncture were applied to 58 patients in abdominal aortography. The effect of Diodon, Triumbren, Pyelosil, Hypaque, and Urografin on the glomerular filtration was compared. Addis' sediment and quantitative proteinuria were examined in 27 patients. Hypaque and Urografin proved most useful. Diodon and Triumbren are not suitable for this examination. After Diodon two patients developed a transient renal insufficiency. An examination of the renal function is essential before every aortography. In patients with a markedly reduced glomerular filtration aortography involves a great hazard. Fourteen references.

1/1

HORNYCH, A.

Guanethidine — an effective new hypotensive preparation. Cas. lek.
cesk. 102 no.5:113-124 1 F '63.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevního v Praze, reditel doc. dr. J. Brod,
DrSc.

(GUANETHIDINE)

(HYPERTENSION)

JIRKA, J.; FENCL, V.; HURYCH, J.; HORNÝCH, A.

Intermittent peritoneal dialysis. Cas. lek. česk. 103 no.47:
1289-1299 20 N '64.

1. Ustav pro choroby krevního, Praha-Krc, (reditel prof. dr.
J. Bred, DrSc.).

BROD, J.; HORNYCH, A.; VAVREJN, B.; PRAT, V.; KOTKOVA, E.; SEDAR, F.;
OPPELT, A.; CHARVAT, P.

Isotope renography in the diagnosis of chronic pyelonephritis.
Cas. lek. Cesk. 104 no.52:1409-1420 24 D '65.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho v Praze (reditel prof.
dr. J. Brod, DrSc.) a Vyzkumny ustav pro vyuziti radioizotopu
v lekarstvi (vedouci MUDr. B. Vavrej, CSc.).

BROD, J.; HORNYCH, A.; VAVREJN, B.; PRAT, V.; KOSTKOVA, B.; DEJDAR, R.;
OPPELT, A.; CHARVAT, P.

Isotope renography in the diagnosis of chronic pyelonephritis.
Rev. Czech. med. 11 no.4:213-231 '65.

1. Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Prague (Director:
Prof. J. Brod. M.D., D.Sc.).

CA

7

Use of complexons in chemical analysis. VIII. Colorimetric determination of manganese. R. Pfabil and K. Hornychova (Charles Univ., Prague). *Chem. Listy* 44, 101-3 (1950); cf. C.A. 45, 3756c. —Mn(III) forms a ruby-colored complex with $[(\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}_2)_3\text{NCH}_2]_3$ (complexon III). Mn(II) solns. are oxidized with PbO_2 or NaBiO_3 in AcOH and absorption is measured at 500 m μ . Zn, Cd, Mg, and Hg do not interfere. When Co and Cr are present in the soln. a modified procedure is necessary. To det. Mn add 5 ml. 5% complexon soln. to a neutral soln. contg. 0.1-30 mg. Mn(II) salt in a volumetric flask, acidify with 10 ml. AcOH , add 0.1 g. NaBiO_3 , shake 1 min., make up to 100 ml., and measure the absorption after 1 min. Al, Fe, Cu, and Ni must be removed prior to the detn. To det. Mn in the presence of Cr measure the absorption before and after the oxidation. To det. Mn in the presence of Co measure the absorption after the oxidation, then boil 1 min. to decomp. the Mn complex, and measure again. By combining the last 2 procedures, it is possible to det. Mn in the presence of small amts. of both Cr and Co. X. Gravimetric determination of tungsten with α -quinolinol. R. Pfabil and V. Sedláč. *Ibid.* 200-4. —The oxime of α -quinolinol ppts. W, Mo, and V quantitatively from their complexes with $[(\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}_2)_3\text{NCH}_2]_3$ in the presence of AcOH and NH_4OAc . Other cations remain in soln. Methods for detg. W in the presence of Pb, Bi, Hg(II), Cd, Cu, Fe, Al, Cr, U,

Co, Mn, and Ni have been worked out. Procedures for the sepn. of W from U, Fe, and Co and for the sepn. of W, Fe, and Co and of W, U, and Co are given. W oximate can be decompd. with 4 N NaOH . The soln. is acidified with HCl in the presence of $\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$ and excess KBrO_3 is added with ethyl red as indicator. Excess KBrO_3 is immediately detd. iodometrically. XI. Potentiometric determination of cations with complexon III. R. Pfabil,

Z. Koudela, and B. Matyska. *Ibid.* 223-4. —Fe(III) can be titrated directly with complexon III (0.1 M) with a Pt electrode. The optimum pH is 5. Stability of the complexes is increased by NH_4OAc . Al, Cu, Cd, Zn, Ni, and Pb form stable complexes and can be detd. by adding excess complexon III and back titrating with Fe(III) (pH 5-6). Bi is detd. by formation of the complex in strongly acidic medium and back titration with Fe(III) at pH 3-5. Detn. of Bi in the presence of Cd, Zn, or Pb is carried out at different pH values. For the simultaneous detn. of Fe and Al the sample is treated with a known amt. of 0.1 M complexon III, NH_4OAc added to pH 5, and the excess complexon titrated with 0.1 M FeCl_3 . The consumption gives the total Fe and Al. A known amt. of FeCl_3 is added, and the soln. is acidified with HCl to pH 2 and allowed to stand 30 min. to accomplish the exchange of Al complexonate with Fe complexonate. Excess Fe(III) is detd. iodometrically. M. Hudlický

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

1923. Res of Complements in chemical analysis. Z. Chemische
Untersuchung von Metallen. R. Pihl and E. Haggberg. 70A (Col-
loid. chem. Tabulat., 1926, 1A, 437-442; cf. C. 1987, 442).—A
method for the colorimetric determination of Zn is described,
depending on the formation of a fairly-red complex of zinc with
potassium ferrioxalate.
Zn. Determination of Zn by means of a solution of the Complexeone
(8 ml.) added to the neutral solution of the Mn salt in a graduated
flask, acetic acid (10 ml.) and 0.1 g. of Mn benzoate are added, and
after shaking, the solution is made up to 100 ml. and allowed to
settle. Solutions containing 0.1–1 mg. of Mn are determined by
measurement in a large colorimeter, using a green filter and cells
of 24 mm. width. Solutions containing 1–20 mg. of Mn are deter-
mined by using a Coleman spectrophotometer, cells 10 X 105 mm.
being used for amounts of 1–10 mg. of Mn and cells 10 X 70 mm. for
>10 mg. of Mn. The Mn solution must be slightly acid and con-
tain 0.1–0.15 ml. per 100 ml.) is used in subsequent trials after the estab-
lishing of the Complexeone. Excesses of benzoate and of Complexeone
must be avoided; 0.05–0.15 g. of benzoate and 250 mg. of Complexeone
per 100 ml. give the best results and colorimetric determina-
tions must be taken within 8 min. of formation as the colored
Complexeone is unstable. The max. errors 1% and colorations less
such as Fe, Cd, Zn, and Mg (<1 g. per 100 ml.) do not interfere.
All must be removed previously if other also the colored ions of
Fe, Co, and Ni. Cr⁺⁺⁺ and Cu⁺⁺ also form Complexeones but under
slightly different conditions, and Mn⁺⁺ may be successfully deter-
mined in their presence. In a solution of Cr⁺⁺⁺ and Mn, the absorp-
tion of Cr⁺⁺⁺-Complexeone at 460 mμ. is measured; the solution is
then oxidized by benzoate and a normal measurement taken. The
Mn content may then be read off on the extinction curve. In the case
of Cu, oxidation by benzoate gives only 40% conversion of Cu⁺⁺
into Cu⁺, but the Cu⁺-Complexeone is stable. An initial value gives the
destruction of the Mn Complexeone, thus leaving (for 1 min.)
From these values the absorption corresponding to Mn is obtained.
Similarly, by use of both time periods, Mn may be determined
in a solution containing Cr, Co, and Mn. I. G. M. CAMPBELL.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

BAJO, M.; HORNÝCHOVÁ, H.; KRECEK, J.; Veterinary Faculty (Veterinarní Fakulta), Kosice; Faculty of Pediatrics, Charles University (Fakulta Detského Lékarství KU), Physiological Institute Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences (Fysiologický Ústav CSAV), Prague.

"Natriuretic Effect of Vasopressin in Young Rats, and its Changes Resulting from Premature Weaning."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Fysiologie, Vol 15, No 3, May 66, pp 212-216

Abstract: Sensitivity to antidiuretic and natriuretic effects of vasopressin was investigated in young rats aged 23, 30, 40, and 50 days. 23 days old rats are very sensitive to the antidiuretic effect of vasopressin. The manifestation of the natriuretic effect of vasopressin differs with age. A strong effect was noticed at 23 and 50 days; at 33 days no effect was noticed, at 40 medium doses are effective, low and high ones had no effect. Weaning increases sensitivity to the antidiuretic effect of vasopressin, increases natriuresis in 23 and 33 day old rats, and suppresses the natriuretic effect in 50 day old rats. 4 Figures, 11 Western, 9 Czech references. Submitted at 15 Days of Physiology-Symposium of Water Metabolism- 29 May 65.
1/1

BRACHFELDOVA, J.; HORNYCHOVA, H.; MENCIKOVA, E.; SKALOVA, I.;
NEUGEBAUEROVA, L.

Listeria infection in newborn infants. Cesk. pediat. 18 no.10:
896-901 0 '63.

I. II detska klinika fakulty detskeho lekarstvi KU v Praze,
prednosta prof. dr. J. Houstek, DrSc. Ustav lekarske mikro-
biologie a imunologie v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. F. Patocka
KHES Stredoceskeho kraje v Praze, reditalka MUDr. M. Rejskova.
(INFANT, NEWBORN, DISEASES) (LISTERIA INFECTIONS)
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL)

ERDELYI, Ferenc, egyetemi adjunktus; HORNYIK, Laszlo, egyetemi adjunktus;
TAJNAFOI, Jozsef, egyetemi adjunktus.

Theoretical foundations for designing multiflue distribution
valves with fixed program. Gep 15 no.11:425-431 N°63

1. Nehezipari Muszaki Egyetem Szerszámgepek Tanszake, Miskolc.
Tanszekvezeto: Kordoss, Josef, egyetemi tanar.

Hornykiewicz, O.
Influence of eserine, tetraethyl pyrophosphate, and prostigmine on the blood pressure and the carotid sinus pressure reflexes in the rat. O. Hornykiewicz and W. Kolinger (Univ. Vienna). *Stavsky-Schmidberg's Arch. exp. Pathol. Pharmacol.* 228, 483-500 (1950).—The reported pressor effects of eserine (I) and tetraethyl pyrophosphate (II) are confirmed. The pressor effects produced by occlusion of the carotid sinuses are activated by I and II. Intracasternal application of I and the use of atropine and reserpine suggest that the effects on blood pressure and the carotid sinus occlusion reflex are mediated by a central mechanism. Prostigmine, which on intravenous administration gives only a peripherally conditioned reducing effect on the blood pressure, exerts after intracasternal administration the same effect on blood pressure and the carotid sinus occlusion reflex as I and II.
A. G. Meyer

2

HORNYOS, Janos

A new theory on the genesis of oil. Bany lap 94 no.34186 Mr '61.

(Oils and fats)

HORNZIEL, Gustaw, mgr.inz.

The most modern types of electric batteries and electric motorization.
Przegl techn 81 no.14:13-15 Ap '60.

POLAND

GAWRONOWA, Helena; HOROCH, Czeslaw; KOZLOWSKA, Teresa; SI-KORSKA, Jadwiga and SZMUNESS, Wolf; Wojewodztwo Health and Epidemiology Station (Wojewodzka Stacja Sanitarno-Epidemiologiczna), Lublin, Director: Dr Cz. HOROCH.

"A Water-Borne Epidemic of Dysentery and Diarrhea"

Warsaw, Przegląd Epidemiologiczny, Vol XVI, No 4, 1962, pp 473-478.

Abstract: Authors: English summary modified/An epidemic of bacillary dysentery and colitis probably due to the contamination of the water supply in an urban area is described. The incidence and clinical course of the diseases are discussed. The healthy carriers, primary cases, duration of the epidemic and its peaks, as well as its control are reported. 2 tables; 1 diagram; 6 references, all of them Eastern.

- END -

2372, 2571
[C90: 2000-N

HCROCH, I.

"Improvement of Qualifications as One of the Chief Tasks of Smelters in 1953" p. 14
(Wiadomosci Hutnicze, Vol. 9, No. 4, April, 1953, Stalinogrod)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 2, Library of Congress,
February, 1954, Uncl.

HOROCH, I.

"The Whole Nation Builds Nowa Huta; our Metallurgy will Transfer its Best Cadres of Workers to it" p. 8 (Wiadomosci Hutnicze, Vol. 9, No. 7/8, July/Aug., 1953, Stalinogrod)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 2, Library of Congress, February, 1954, Uncl.

HOROCH, Ludwik

For development of the Polish national economy in all possible respects; on the basis of the principles and resolutions of the 12th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Polish United Worker's Party and the development directives of the Polish People's Republic for 1959-1965. Wiad hut 15 no.2:37-39 F '59.

POLAND

HORODECKA, Maria; WIECLAWEK, Bonifacy.

Department of Analytical Chemistry, Institute of Antibiotics
(Zaklad Analityczny Instytutu Antybiotykow), Warsaw - (for both).

Warsaw, Chemia analityczna, No 6, November-December 1965, pp 1363-1364.

"The modified method of spectrophotometric determination of erythromycin in fermentation worts."

HORODECKI, Jerzy, mgr.inz.

Cutting machine tools at the 1961 International Industry Fair
in Brno. Przegl mech 21 no.2:51-55 Ja '62.

1. Centralne Biuro Konstrukcji Okretow, Pruszkow.

HORODECKI, Jerzy, mgr. inż.

Universal milling machines produced by the P. Hure Works in
Paris. Przegl mech 22 no.19:607-608 10 0 '63.

HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw

A case of congenital lens dislocation. Klin.oczna 29 no.4:
409-411 '59.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej A. M. w Białymstoku Kierownik:
prof. dr med. M. Dynitowska.
(LENS CRYSTALLINE abnorm)

JANUSZKO, Tadeusz; HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw; OLBROMSKI, Jan

Behavior of fibrinolysis activator in stored plasma. Acta med.
Pol. 6 no.2:225-233 '65.

1. Department of General and Experimental Pathology, Medical
Academy, Bialystok (Director: Prof. Dr. K. Buluk) and the
Ophtalmological Clinic, Medical Academy, Bialystok (Director:
Prof. Dr. M. Dymitrowska).

HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw

A case of acute glaucoma during the course of choroiditis
(uveitis hypertensiva). Klin. oczna 30 no.2:171-173 '60.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej A.M. w Białymstoku. Kierownik:
prof.dr med. M. Dymitrowska.
(GLAUCOMA compl.)
(CHLOROID dis.)

HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw

Effect of lytic cocktail on the intraocular pressure in acute glaucoma.
Klin. oczna 31 no.4:365-366 '61.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej AM w Białymstoku Kierownik: prof. dr med.
M. Dymitrowska.

(GLAUCOMA ther) (HIBERNATION ARTIFICIAL)

HORODENSKI J.

HORODENSKI J. AND ALEKSANDROWICZ J. Second Clinic of Internal Diseases Jagiellonian Univ. of Cracow and Dept. of Neurology, St. Lazarus' Hospital Cracow. Nitrogranulogen (iperyt axotowy) wleczeniu schorzen ukladu nerwowego Nitrogranulogen (nitrogen Mustard) in the treatment of diseases of the nervous a stem Bull. int. Acad. Cracovic, Cl.1949, 7-10 (211-231) Tables 5

0.01-.12 mg./kg. body weight was given 2-3 times on alternate days, begin repeated in some cases after an interval of 2-4 weeks. In 70 cases of neuralgia and neuritis, good results were obtained in 63 (90%). In 13 cases of tuberculous meningitis previously treated with streptomycin, there was improvement of paralysis and paresis, but not always of the general condition in all the cases. In 2 cases of recent cerebral hemorrhage, there was a rapid improvement in the paresis. In 3 cases of polymyelitis and 12 cases of chorea good results were also obtained. In 25 cases of cerebral tumor there was relief of apir and improvement in paresis. It is not thought that nitrogen mustard has any antimitotic activity on the tumor, but rather that it accelerates and the rate of absorption of exudates, reducing the inflammatory changes in the adjacent tissues.

Opalski - Warsaw
(VIII, 2)

So: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No.1-6

HORODENSKI, Jaroslaw

A rare case of focal tuberculous reaction without local reactions
in tuberculin reaction. Klin. oczna 32 no.1:49-51 '62.

1. Z Kliniki Okulistycznej AM w Białymstoku Kierownik: prof. dr
med. M.Dymitrowska.
(TUBERCULIN REACTION) (CHOROID dis)